

## **21 November 2021**

1.) Who will be enrolled as the first member of NCC Alumni Association ?

एनसीसी पूर्व छात्र संघ के पहले सदस्य के रूप में किसे नामांकित किया जाएगा?

- a) Narendra Modi
- b) Amit shah
- c) Nirmala sitharaman
- d) Rajnath Singh

Answer : Narendra Modi

Explanation : NCC Alumni Association: Prime Minister Narendra Modi, a former NCC cadet, will launch 'NCC Alumni Association' and be enrolled as its first member during the culmination event of 'Rashtra Raksha Samarpan Parv' in Jhansi on November 19, 2021. The NCC Alumni Association is expected to further the objectives of the National Cadet Corps (NCC) and assist in nation-building.

The association is being built as many prominent leaders in different fields of society including politics, armed forces, industry, art and culture, academics and bureaucracy have emerged from the NCC and many among them have the desire to contribute to the nation-building process through NCC.

Charges for lifetime membership of the NCC Alumni Association - Rs 100. Payment mode - ( Online website - [www.nccauto.gov.in/alumni](http://www.nccauto.gov.in/alumni).)

The Prime Minister will also be briefed about the one-year implementation of his visionary 'NCC Border and Coastal Scheme'. PM Modi had announced on August 15, 2020 that NCC shall be expanded in border and coastal areas. The Union Defence Ministry approved the scheme in September 2020.

2.) Which organization approves USD 150 million for small enterprises in Bangladesh ?

बांग्लादेश में छोटे उद्यमों के लिए कौन सा संगठन 150 मिलियन अमरीकी डालर की मंजूरी देता है?

- a) WHO
- b) WB
- c) ADB
- d) UNO

Answer : ADB

Explanation : The Asian Development Bank (ADB) has approved a \$150 million loan to Bangladesh to provide financing for cottage, micro, and small-sized enterprises (CMSEs) operated by youth, returning migrant workers, and rural entrepreneurs, particularly women, who have been hit hard by the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic.

The loan to Bangladesh Bank, the nation's central bank, will be on-lent to participating financial institutions (PFIs), which in turn will help 30,000 CMSEs operated by the beneficiaries. The project aims to facilitate employment creation and help these vulnerable groups recover from the adverse impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. ADB will provide an additional \$900,000 technical assistance grant from its Technical Assistance Special Fund for Bangladesh Bank and PFIs to help them strengthen their risk management capacities, business process, and information systems.

3.) India has been re elected to UNESCO executive board till which year ?

भारत को किस वर्ष तक यूनेस्को के कार्यकारी बोर्ड के लिए फिर से चुना गया है?

- a) 2023
- b) 2022
- c) 2024
- d) 2025

Answer : 2025

Explanation : On November 17, 2021, India was re-elected to the executive board of UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization) for the term of 2021-2025.

India was re-elected with 164 votes. Among Group IV Asian & Pacific States, Japan, Vietnam, Philippines, Cook Islands and China were also elected. UNESCO was founded in 1945 by succeeding the League of Nations' International Committee on Intellectual Cooperation.

Its constitution establishes the goals, operating framework and governing structure of the agency. UNESCO is a specialised agency of United Nations (UN). It aims to promote world peace & security through international cooperation in education, science, arts, and culture.

It comprises of 193 member states and 11 associate members besides partners in intergovernmental, non- governmental, and private sector. The agency is headquartered at World Heritage Centre in Paris, France. Apart from that, it has 53 regional field offices and 199 national commissions which facilitate its global mandate.

4.) Which country's law makers approved new anti rape legislation ?

किस देश के कानून निर्माताओं ने नए बलात्कार विरोधी कानून को मंजूरी दी?

- a) Russia
- b) Pakistan
- c) China
- d) USA

Answer : Pakistan

Explanation : Lawmakers in Pakistan approved on Wednesday new anti-rape legislation that would allow speedy convictions and severe sentences, including chemical castration, for rapists. The bill is a response to a public outcry against a recent surge in

incidents of rape of women and children in the country and growing demands for effectively stemming the crime.

The government will be required to establish special courts across Pakistan to expedite trials of rape suspects and decide cases of sexual abuse “expeditiously, preferably within four months.”

Under the bill, a nationwide register of sex offenders will also be maintained with the help of the National Database and Registration Authority. The identity of victims will be protected and special “anti-rape crisis cells” will be formed to conduct medical examinations of victims within hours of the crimes. Those found guilty of gang rape will be sentenced to death or imprisoned for the rest of their lives, and repeat offenders could be subjected to chemical castration.

5.) India International Trade Fair to open for Public from which date ?

भारत अंतर्राष्ट्रीय व्यापार मेला जनता के लिए किस तारीख से खुलेगा?

- a) 19 Nov
- b) 23 Nov
- c) 22 Nov
- d) 24 Nov

Answer : 19 Nov

Explanation : India International Trade Fair (IITF) 2021 commenced on November 14 and will end on November 27. The theme of this years IIFT is 'Atmanirbhar Bharat, ' the commerce ministry announced in early October. "Export potential key focus at 40th

India International Trade Fair to be held from November 14-27. 14-day mega event at revamped Pragati Maidan to display undying spirit of businesses through the pandemic and efforts to build Aatmanirbhar Bharat,

Bihar is the Partner State whereas Uttar Pradesh and Jharkhand are the Focus States. Over 1,500 exhibitors from India and overseas are participating with the display of a large range of products and services. Twenty-three states, Union Territories and 34 Central Ministries, Commodity Boards, PSUs, and Government Departments are participating in this event. As many as nine foreign countries including Bangladesh, Bahrain, Ghana, Kyrgyzstan, Tunisia, Turkey, Sri Lanka and UAE are participating in the fair. The event is being organized in safe and secure environment with all COVID protocols.

6.) When will Water Heroes – share your stories contest start ?

वाटर हीरोज - अपनी कहानियों को साझा करें प्रतियोगिता कब शुरू होगी?

- a) 20 Nov
- b) 25 Nov
- c) 30 Nov
- d) 1 Dec

Answer : 1 Dec

Explanation : Water Heroes contest: Jal Shakti Ministry has launched a new contest- "Water Heroes – Share Your Stories" to strengthen the water consciousness in the nation. The Water Heroes contest will start from December 1, 2021 and will go on till November 30, 2022. Winners will be chosen every month from the received entries and they will be awarded a cash prize of Rs 10000 each.

The Jal Shakti Ministry will invite entries for the Water Heroes Contest every month from December 2021 onwards for consideration of awards. A maximum of 10 entries will be considered for the awards every month.

The 'Water Heroes – Share Your Stories' Contest is being launched to reach out to people and raise awareness regarding the important subject of water conservation and management. The Ministry aims to make water conservation and management a people's movement and boost water consciousness and action in the nation.

7.) Revamped Rezag La War Memorial was inaugurated in which state/UT ?

पुनोत्थान रेजांग ला युद्ध स्मारक का उद्घाटन किस राज्य/केंद्र शासित प्रदेश में किया गया?

- a) Ladakh
- b) Arunachal Pradesh
- c) Sikkim
- d) Delhi

Answer : Ladakh

Explanation : A freshly-revamped war memorial in Ladakh's Rezag La, which was built to honour the 13 Kumaon regiment that defeated the Chinese Army during the 1962 war, will be inaugurated today by Defence Minister Rajnath Singh.

The inauguration will coincide with the 59th anniversary of the Rezag La battle. The move to inaugurate the revamped war memorial in Rezag La is seen as India's show of strength in the area which is very close to the Chinese territory and is visible from the other side of the Line of Actual Control (LAC). The Indian Army had occupied a number of mountain peaks in Rezag La region in August last year following China's aggressive posturing and failed attempt to intimidate Indian troops.

The Rezag La war memorial in Eastern Ladakh sector was a small one and it has now been expanded. It will now be much bigger than before and will be pasted on the tourist map of the Ladakh union territory.

8.) Uttar Pradesh's first anti air pollution tower will be inaugurated in which city ?

उत्तर प्रदेश के पहले वायु प्रदूषण रोधी टावर का उद्घाटन किस शहर में किया जाएगा?

- a) Noida
- b) Lucknow
- c) Ghaziabad
- d) Kanpur

Answer : Noida

Explanation : UP's first air pollution control tower opened in Noida on November 17, 2021. The anti-air pollution tower is located in a posh sector 16-A. The tower, to curb the problem of air pollution in Delhi NCR, has come up with joint efforts of the Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited and the Noida Authority.

The first anti-air-pollution tower in Uttar Pradesh was inaugurated by the Union Heavy Industries Minister Mahendra Nath Pandey. Minister Krishna Pal, Noida MLA Pankaj Singh, Noida Authority CEO Ritu Maheshwari, and Gautam Buddh Nagar MP Mahesh Sharma were also present at the inauguration of the anti-air pollution tower in Noida.

The National Capital Region has been plagued with the problem of air pollution particularly in the winter months. The Air Quality Index has further deteriorated to hazardous levels, which is a matter of serious concern for people's health.

9.) Which organization adopts consensus resolution on Rohingyas and other minorities in Myanmar ?

कौन सा संगठन म्यांमार में रोहिंग्या और अन्य अल्पसंख्यकों पर आम सहमति प्रस्ताव को स्वीकार करता है?

- a) ASEAN

b) WHO

c) UN

d) SAARC

Answer : UN

Explanation : The United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) has adopted a resolution, with overwhelming majority, condemning Myanmar for the human rights violations against the Rohingya Muslims and other minorities living in that country

The resolution, titled "Situation of human rights of Rohingya Muslims and other minorities in Myanmar," also asked Myanmar to demonstrate genuine political goodwill to ensure the safe and sustainable return of the Rohingya Muslims, often described as one of the worst persecuted communities in the world. Out of 193 members, 134 countries voted in favour of the resolution, 9 against, and 28 nations abstained in the voting on Friday. Twenty-two countries were absent. The resolution called on the government of Myanmar to review the 1982 Citizenship Law, which led to the denial of rights to minorities, especially the Rohingyas.